# Test Your Chess Knowledge

Crucial Exercises
To Sharpen Your
Understanding

**Thomas Luther** 

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# Test Your Chess Knowledge

# Crucial Exercises To Sharpen Your Understanding

**Thomas Luther** 

## **Thinkers Publishing 2022**



## **Key to Symbols**

- ! a good move
- ? a weak move
- !! an excellent move
- ?? a blunder
- !? an interesting move
- ?! a dubious move
- □ only move
- N novelty
- C lead in development
- zugzwang
- = equality
- ∞ unclear position
- $\overline{\overline{z}}$  with compensation for the sacrificed material
- **=** Black stands slightly better
- ± White has a serious advantage
- **=** Black has a serious advantage
- +— White has a decisive advantage
- -+ Black has a decisive advantage
- → with an attack
- ↑ with initiative
- $\Delta$  with the idea of
- △ better is
- ≤ worse is
- + check
- # Mate

## **Table of Contents**

Key to Symbols	4
Introduction	6
Chapter 1 – Quick Test 1	7
Chapter 2 – Advanced Lesson 1	17
Chapter 3 – Quick Test 2	51
Chapter 4 – Advanced Lesson 2 – Easy Tactics in the Endgame	61
Chapter 5 – Quick Test 3	79
Chapter 6 – Advanced Lesson 3 – Chess History	95
Chapter 7 – Quick Test 4	115
Chapter 8 – Advanced Lesson 4 – Checkmate in Up to 5 Moves	131
Chapter 9 – Quick Test 5	151
Chapter 10 – Advanced Lesson 5 – Advantage or Mate in Up to 5 Moves	167
Chapter 11 – Quick Test 6	189
Chapter 12 – Advanced Lesson 6 – All Kinds of Draws	205
Chapter 13 – Quick Test 7	227
Chapter 14 – Master Class 1 – Advantage in 5 or More Moves	243
Chapter 15 – Quick Test 8	263
Chapter 16 – Master Class 2 – The Classics	281
Chapter 17 – Quick Test 9	299
Chapter 18 – Master Class 3 - Studies	
Chapter 19 – Quick Test 10	339
Chapter 20 – Master Class 4 – The Long Way to Checkmate	357
Conclusion –	378

#### Introduction

#### How to use this book

I thought long and hard about the best way to structure this *Workbook*. My idea was to make a book with additional exercises for readers of my earlier books *Thinker's Chess Academy Volumes 1 & 2* (TCA1 and TCA2 for short) while working with these books, plus material for really interested and ambitious readers to maintain and broaden the skills they have already learned.

That's not an easy task, as it means combining rather basic material with really sophisticated exercises without making it boring for the advanced readers or too hard for readers still on TCA1 level. My idea is to mix the two parts.

Readers still on the lower level should work through the chapters **Quick Test** 1, Quick Test 2 etc and after Quick Test 10 go over to the chapters **Advanced Lesson** 1, Advanced Lesson 2 and so on.

Advanced readers can use each chapter's Quick Test as a kind of warm-up test under time pressure, for example setting a time of 10 seconds for each mate in 2 or whatever you may think is right for you. After the Quick Test you go ahead with the following Advanced Lessons chapter.

The hardest part of the book is called "Master Class". In these chapters you'll find really difficult exercises such as unusually long combinations or checkmates.

Not every reader is ambitious enough or has enough time to work very hard on his chess. That's quite understandable and nothing to be ashamed of. You can enjoy chess very well without being a strong tournament player. You could just entertain yourself by playing through interesting combinations. In this case don't try too hard to solve the Advanced Lessons or Master Class exercises. Have a look to make yourself familiar with the position, than look at the solution and enjoy the surprising combinations. You won't learn as much as you would by racking your brain to crack the hard nuts. But some knowledge and experience will certainly rub off and increase your understanding of chess.

I hope this book will help you to work towards your goals and let have you fun with chess.

Thomas Luther

#### **QUICK TEST 1**

We start with checkmate in up to two moves. That means that sometimes a mate in one move is possible.

This exercise corresponds to Chapter 7 in TCA1 and is presented as additional material for that chapter.

But it is a good start for chess friends who didn't work with the original *Thinker's Chess Academy* book (TCA) and are just using the workbook for their tactical training.

You may think such checkmates are a piece of cake and too easy. But you'll see that some are not as simple as you may think. And always remember: here in the book it's written in big letters, "Mate in up to two moves". In the game, though, there's no such writing on the board and you have to see the mate yourself, preferably a few moves ahead. Therefore it's important that you know as many mate patterns as possible. I hope I can show you some that you did not know already or that you would not always recognize in a game. Please take this training seriously; it's an important part of the road to playing better chess.

For this and the following test I give you no diagram to the solution. For your development it's absolutely crucial that you can keep at least two moves for a short time in your memory. Later this number should go up to three, four and more moves. Going back from the solution to the diagram with the moves in your mind is a little extra training!

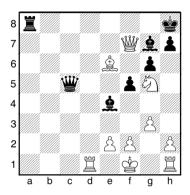
For all readers who think this is really too easy: solve the 34 problems in a short time. Let's say 10 seconds each, 340 seconds for the lot. Make it six minutes in total. I even give you 20 extra seconds to refresh yourself by gulping down some water, coffee, Coke or whatever you like.

And now let's start and think like the masters! It's White to move unless there is a 
● after the exercise number. Sometimes, O / ● will appear, and it means the exercises can be searched from both sides.

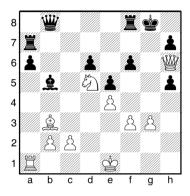
Are you sure you can solve them all? Let's see!

### **Quick Test 1**

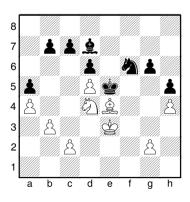
#### Find mate in two moves



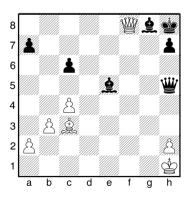
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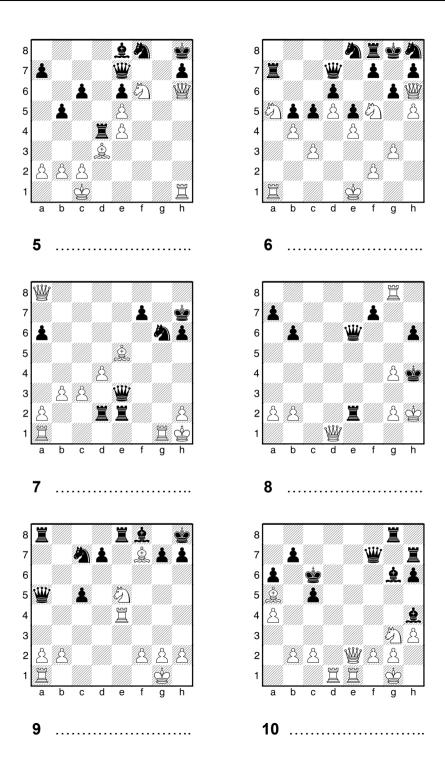
2 ......

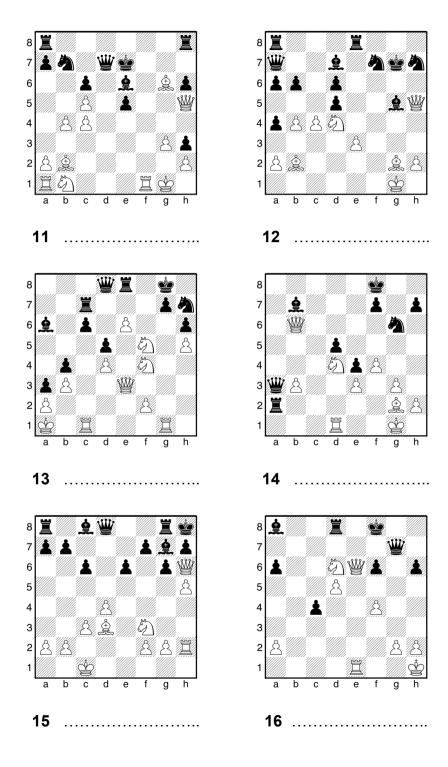


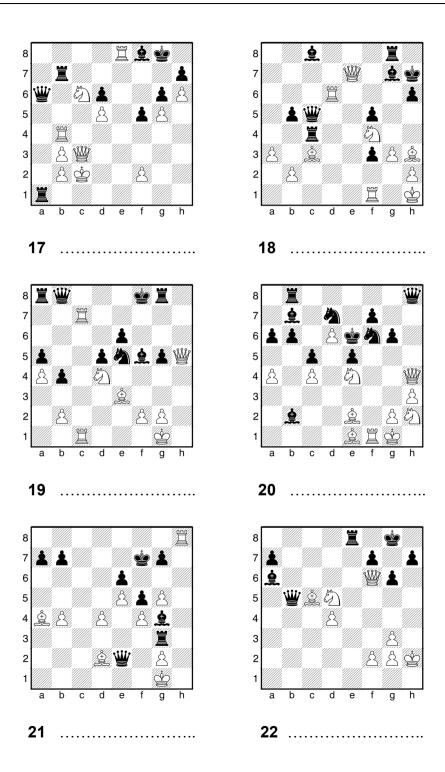
3 ......

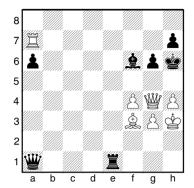


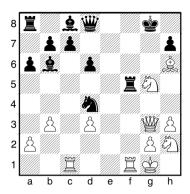
4 .....





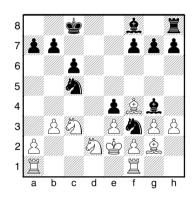


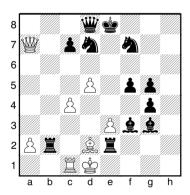




23 ⊙ / ● .....

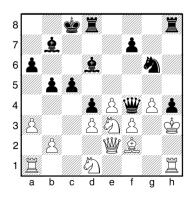


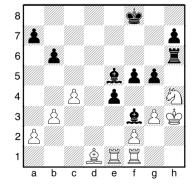




25 • .....

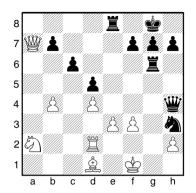


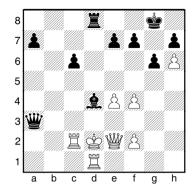




27 • .....

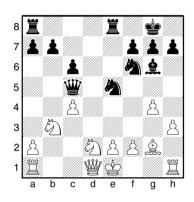
28 • .....

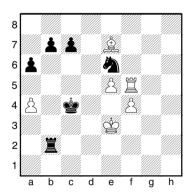




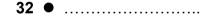
29 • .....

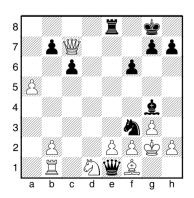


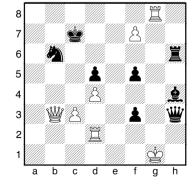




31 • .....







33 • .....

34 • .....

#### **Solutions**

#### Test 1

- 1 Let's start with a classic motif surely you remember the smothered mate? 1. 增f7-g8+ 罩a8xg8 2. 包g5-f7#
- 2 1.₺d5-e7+ Double check! ★g8-h8 2.₺e7-g6#
- 3 Black's last move, ∅e8-f6??, was the decisive mistake. 1.**②d4-f3**#
- 4 1. **#f8-f6+ \$e5xf6** 2. **\$c3xf6#** An X-ray attack!
- 5 1. Wh6xf8+ We7xf8 2. Zh1xh7# The Arabian mate.
- 6 1.\\hbar{\pi}\h6-g7+ \bar{\pi}\e8xg7 2.\\bar{\pi}\f5-\h6#
- 7 1.₩a8-h8+ 🖄g6xh8 2.\g1-g7#
- 8 1. ₩d1-e1+ \( \mathbb{E}\)e2xe1 2.g2-g3#

Or 1... \\ e2−f2 2.\\ e1xf2#

- 9 1.Øe5-g6+ h7xg6 2.ℤe4-h4#
- 10 1.₩e2-e6+ ₩f7xe6 2.\extbf{2}e1xe6#
- 11 1.\\hat{\mathbb{m}}\hbar{h5−h4#
- 12 1.₺d4-e6+ Double check! 1...₺g7-g8 2.₩h5-g6#
- 13 1.₺f5xh6+ ₾g8−h8/f8 2.₺f4−g6#
- 14 1.∰b6−d8+ ⊈f8−g7 2.ᡚd4−f5#

- 15 1. **a** h6xh7+ **a** h8xh7 2.h5xg6# Double check!
- 16 1.\\docume=6-e8+\docume=d8xe8 2.\docume=1xe8#
- 18 1.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d6xh6+ \(\phi\)h7xh6 2.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e7−h4#
- 19 1.4 d4xe6+ \$f5xe6 2.\$e3-c5#
- 20 1.≜e2-q4+ ②f6xq4 2.₩h4-e7#
- 21 1.g5-g6+ \$\dot\delta f7xg6 2.\dot\delta a4-e8#
- Or 1...\$f7-e7 2.\(\bar{q}\)h8-e8#
- 22 1.≜c5-f8 ⊈g8xf8 2.∰f6-h8#
- 23 O 1.₩g4-g5+ ዿf6xg5 2.h4x/f4xg5#
  - 1.-- \( \mathbb{G} = 1.\)

Or 2.⊈h3-g2 \(\frac{\pi}{2}\)a1-f1#/g1#

- 24 1... 2d4-e2+ Double check! 2. 2g1-h1 2e2xg3#
- 25 1... **②f3−d4+/g1+** Both moves are double check!
- 2.⊈e2-e1 ②c5-d3#
- This time it was very easy to find a mate, as six mates in 1 move are possible (we ignore the 2–moves mate)!
- 1...\Bb2xd2# / 1...\Be2xd2# / 1...\Be2xe3#
- 1...ge2-e1# / 1...ge2-h2# / 1...ge2-g2#
- 27 1...豐f4-h2+ 2.閏h1xh2 夕g6-f4#
- 28 1...≌h6xh4+ 2.g3xh4 g5-g4#

An alternative mate that takes one move more is 1...g5-g4+ 2.\dong h3-h2 \backsq h6xh4+

3.⊈h2-g1 \( \frac{\pi}{2}\h4-h1\)#.

2. de3-e4 or any other move makes no difference.

#### **ADVANCED LESSON 1**

The task is to find mate or material advantage in up to four moves. The execution of the advantage may need some more moves.

If you have skipped the introductory text, as readers unfortunately do so often, please read it now. It explains the structure of the book and the best way to use it.

After using Quick Test 1 the advanced reader can now start with the main part of training. We start with relatively easy combinations of up to four moves.

For readers who did not work through TCA1 and TCA2, this chapter is thought of as a test to see whether they are strong enough to work with this book. If you have too many problems with Lesson 1, please continue with Quiz 2 and the following Quiz chapters, before going to Lesson 2. It's better to take a step back instead of laboring over a chapter that is too difficult for now.

But a small number of moves does not necessarily mean that the solution is easy to find. Sometimes a clever maneuver is well hidden and you need a lot of imagination or experience to solve the exercise.

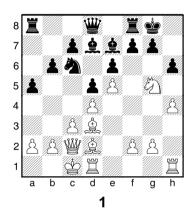
Don't be disappointed if your result is not as good as you may have expected. Even if you cannot find a solution, the work on an exercise – searching, thinking, calculating – is good training and improves your skill and ability.

And now let's start and think like the masters! It's White to move unless there is a • after the exercise number.

#### **ADVANCED LESSON 1**

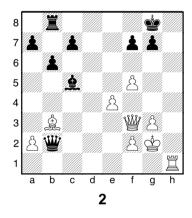
Find mate or material advantage in up to 4 moves.

This is the starting point for the main training for all readers who are already more advanced



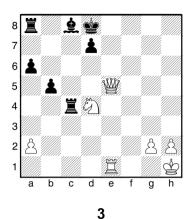
Munenga, Douglas (2273) -Abdul Rahman, A (1850)

> 43rd Olympiad Batumi GEO 2018



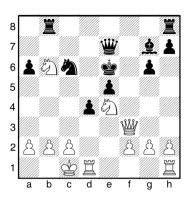
Ogunshola,B (2184) -Jones,Steven A (2128)

2nd 4NCL Spring Bank Basingstoke ENG 2019



**Luther - Munoz Arano** 

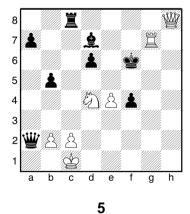
Internet blitz 2003



4

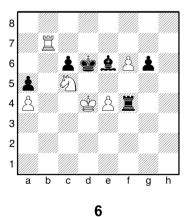
Liu Guanchu (2425) - Swicarz,M (2331)

18th Marienbad GMA2 Marianske Lazne CZE 2019



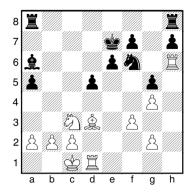
Pankova,J (1820) - Odegov,A (2261)

Korchnoi Memorial Open St. Petersburg RUS 2019



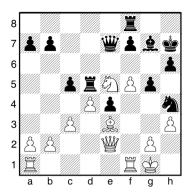
Kosteniuk, A (2551) - Georgescu, L (2142)

German Bundesliga Women GER 2019



Hammer,JL (2651) – Werle,J (2514) Variation

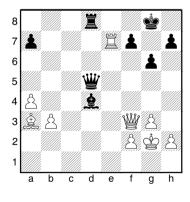
> Fagernes Open NOR 2015



8

Haast,A (2345) - Janzelj,L (2254)

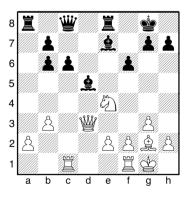
Olympiad Women Batumi GEO 2018



9

**Ding Liren (2811) - Shankland,S (2705)** 

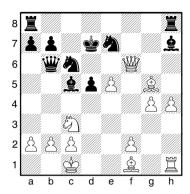
chess.com Speed 2019 chess.com INT



10

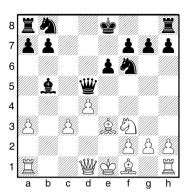
Guid,M (2317) -Caruso,Au (2141)

21st Trieste Open ITA 2019



Iljiushenok,I (2540) -Esipenko,A (2624)

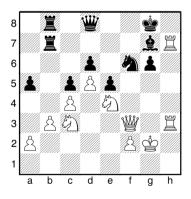
Russian Rapid GP Skolkovo RUS 2019



12

Kersten, U (2280) - Fedorchuk, S (2625)

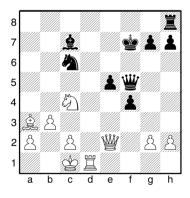
Schwaebisch Gmuend Open GER 2017



13

Petkov,V (2504) -Guillermo Gonzalez,A (1992)

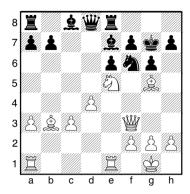
2nd San Cristobal Open ESP 2019



14

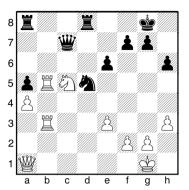
Fielding,Mi (1760) - Sauer,Ma (2081)

30th NATO Chess Berlin GER 2019



Pucovski,M (2238) -Blagojevic,M (2196)

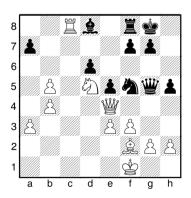
TCh-CRO Div 1b Mali Losinj CRO 2019



16

Spiranec,N (2084) - Vrtiakova,A (1998)

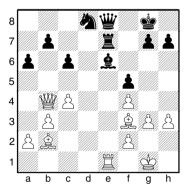
Arisan Chess Ladies WIM Modra SVK 2019



17

Vaisser,A (2494) -Leconte,M (2246)

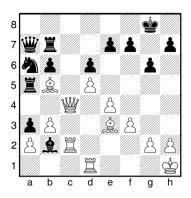
TCh-FRA Top 12 Brest FRA 2019



18

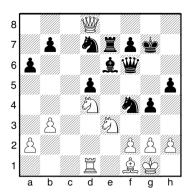
Thorhallsson,S (2184) – Halldorsson,Hj (1779)

Icelandic Open Akureyri ISL 2019



Haubro,M (2380) - Tenold,A (1969)

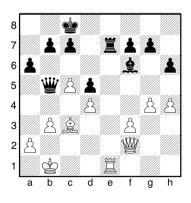
Copenhagen CC Ballerup DEN 2019



20

Chen, Max (2070) - Wiebe, I (2053)

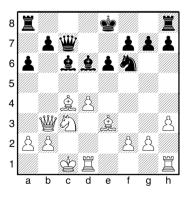
Canada Zonal Kingston CAN 2019



21 •

Pickersgill,A (1948) – Wheeler,Jo (2072)

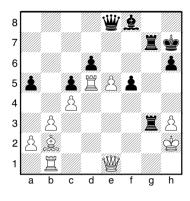
DCCA Ron Bruce Premier Paignton ENG 2019



22 •

Amateur game

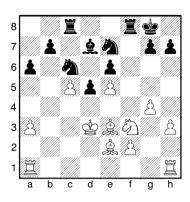
Chicago USA 2019



Tabola,M (2003) -Malovanyi,Y (2320)

23 •

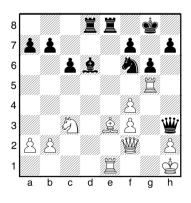
TCh-POL 2nd League Jastrzebia Gora POL 2019



24 ●

N.N. – Brunthaler,H

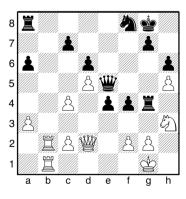
Rapid Pattaya THA 2019



25 ● Abdilkhair,A (2143) -

Aydincelebi,K (2148)

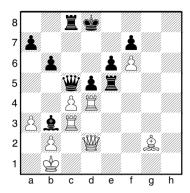
World Schools U17 Antalya TUR 2019



26 ●

Vukovic,C (1780) - Dragovic,M (2357)

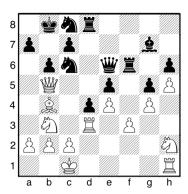
TCh-EUR Senior +50 Novi Sad SRB 2017



27 •

Cossin,S (2494) - Hamitevici,V (2476)

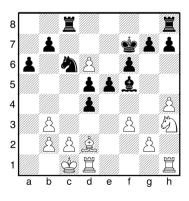
TCh-FRA Top 12 Brest FRA 2019



28 •

Wall,G (2329) - Howell,D (2702)

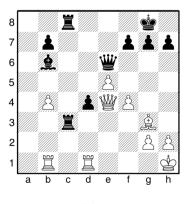
5th Kings Place Open London ENG 2017



29 •

Diaz Castro,S (2263) -Anurag,M (2472)

> 43rd Seville Open Seville ESP 2018



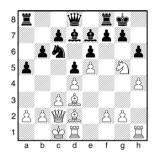
30 ●

Price, Michael C (1755) -Byway, P (2017)

4NCL Online lichess.org 2022

#### **Solutions**

#### **ADVANCED LESSON 1**



1. Munenga – Abdul Rahman

13.皇d3-h7+ 空g8-h8 14.皇h7-g8 g7-g6 15.②g5xf7+ 罩f8xf7 16.皇g8xf7 營d8-f8 17.營c2xg6+-



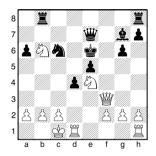
2. Ogunshola - Jones

Did you remember Damiano's Attack?



- 3. Luther Munoz Arano
- 1.₩e5-d6 a6-a5 2.4\d4-e6+

2... dd8-e8 3. dd6-f8#

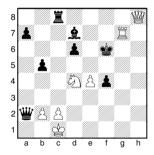


#### 4. Liu Guanchu - Swicarz

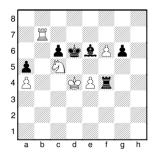
The white knights have a firm grip around the king.

24.營f3-b3+ 空e6-f5 25.營b3-h3+ 空f5xe4 26.營h3-f3#

Or 25... \$\dot\delta f5-f4 26.\delta h3-f3#.



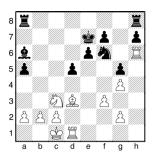
- 5. Pankova Odegov
- 32.<sup>□</sup>g7−g8+ ∲f6−e7 33.營h8−h4+ ∲e7−f7 34.營h4−h7+ ∲f7−f6
- 35. ₩h7-g7#



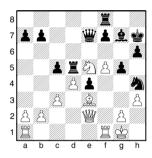
- **6.** Kosteniuk Georgescu
- 37.f6-f7 g6-g5

If 37... \$\delta 6xf7 then 38. \$\mathbb{Z}b7-d7#.

38.f7-f8∰+ \frac{\pi}{2}f4xf8 39.e4-e5#

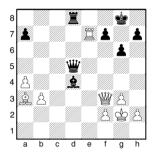


- 7. Hammer- Werle
- 1.②c3xd5+ ②f6xd5
- If 1...e6xd5? then 2.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}d1-e1+.
- 2.臭d3xa6 罩a8xa6 3.罩d1xd5 f7-f6 4.罩d5-b5+-



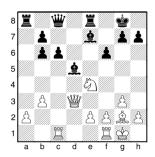
#### 8. Haast - Janzelj

Two clearance sacrifices are needed for a double attack.

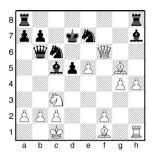


- 9. Ding Liren Shankland
- 27.\geq=6+ \dot{\phi}g8-g7 28.\dot{\parallel}a3-f8+
- (1-0) Black resigned here because of
- 28... **⊈g7-g8** 29. **₩f3xd5 ጃd8xe8**.

Or 29... \(\mathbb{Z}\)d8xd5 30.\(\dagger\)f8-h6#.



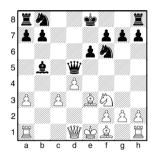
- 10. Guid Caruso
- 18.ᡚe4−d6 Ձe7xd6 19.Ձg2xd5+ ⊈g8−h8 20.Ձd5xc6 b7xc6 21.∰d3xd6±



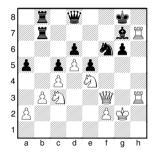
11. Iljiushenok - Esipenko

18.e5−e6+ ₾d7−c7 19.Ձg5−f4+ Ձc5−d6 20.Ձf4xd6+ ₾c7xd6 21.ᡚc3−b5+

Winning the queen, else 21... dc5 22. dc3#.



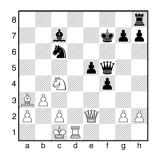
12. Kersten - Fedortschuk



13. Petkov - Guillermo Gonzalez

36.≌h7xg7+ ⊈g8xg7 37.ᡚe4xf6 ∰d8xf6

No better is 37...≝b7-f7 38.≝h3-h7+ фg7-f8 39.≝h7-h8+.



**14.** Fielding – Sauer

25.40c4-d6+ &c7xd6 26.₩e2-c4+

Weaker but also winning is 26.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d1xd6 \(\overline{\Omega}\)c6-d4 27.\(\walpha\)e2-c4+ \(\overline{\Omega}\)d4-e6.

26... ₩f5-e6 27. ₩c4xe6+ фf7xe6 28. \( \begin{align\*} \dd d 1 \text{xd6++-} \end{align\*}



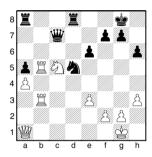
15. Pucovski - Blagojevic

20.≜g5−h6+ **⊈**g7−g8

Or 20... \$\dot{g}7xh6?? 21. \$\delta\$ e5xf7+.

21. gb3-a4 Ee8-f8 22. gh6xf8

Or 21...\$c8-d7?? 22.\$a4xd7.

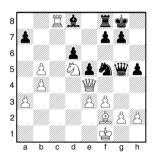


**16.** Spiranec – Vrtiakova

28. 40 c5xe6 f7xe6 29. 25 b5-b7 28 c5xe6 f7xe6 29. 25 b5-b7 28 c5xe6 f7xe6 29. 26 b5-b7 28 c5xe6 f7xe6 f7

The queen cannot escape, e.g. 29... ∰c7-d6 30. ∰a1xg7#.

30.\Bb7xc7 \Bc8xc7 31.\alpha a1-e5+-

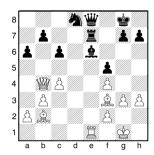


17. Vaisser – Leconte

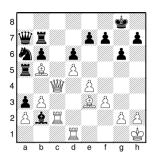
32. 堂c8xd8 罩f8xd8

Or 32... wg5xd8 33. we4xf5.

33.≝e4xf5 ≝g5xf5 34.ᡚd5−e7+ ⊈g8−f8 35.ᡚe7xf5+−



18. Thorhallsson - Halldorsson

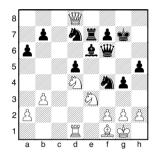


19. Haubro - Tenold

29.營c4-c8+ **空g8-g7 30.營c8-f8+** 1:0; **30...空g7xf8** 

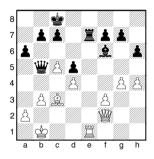
Or 30... \$\dong g7-f6 31. \$\mathbb{U}\$f8-h8#.

31.Ձe3−h6+ ⊈f8−g8 / Ձb2−g7 32.፰c2−c8#



20. Chen - Wiebe

31.營d8xe7 營f6xe7 32.包d4-f5+ 全g7-f6 33.包f5xe7 全f6xe7 34.g2-g3 包f4-g6 35.包e3xd5++-



21. Pickersgill - Wheeler

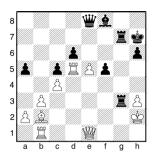
The last move, \alphad1-e1, is a big mistake.

27... 營b5-d3+ 28. 查b1-b2 皇f6xd4 29. 皇c3xd4 罩e7xe1 30. 營f2xe1 營d3xd4+ 31. 查b2-b1 查c8-d7-+

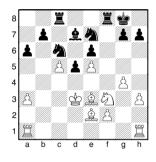


22. Amateur game

1...b7-b5 2.皇c4-d3 b5-b4 3.②c3-e2 皇c6xg2+ 4.空c1-b1 皇g2xh1-+

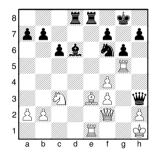


#### 23. Tabola - Malovanyi

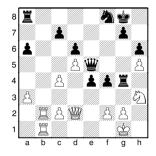


#### 24. N.N. - Brunthaler

1...፱f8xf3 2.ీge2xf3 ົົົົ\c6xe5+ 3.፟⊈d3−e2 ీgd7−b5+ 4.ీge2−d1 ົົົ\e5xf3-+

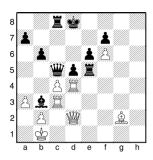


#### 25. Abdilkhair - Aydincelebi



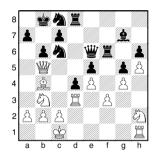
#### 26. Vukovic - Dragovic

27...f4-f3 28.g2-g3 e4-e3! 29.營d2xe3 罩g4xg3+ 30.垫g1-f1 罩g3xh3-+



#### 27. Cossin - Hamitevici

36...營c5xd4 37.營d2xd4 罩e5-e1+ 38.罩c3-c1 罩e1xc1+ 39.掛b1xc1 罩c8xc4+-+

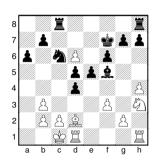


#### 28. Wall - Howell

20...a7-a6 21.\bulletb5-a4

Or 21.\displayb5xa6? \displayc6xb4.

21... ₩e6-c4 22.a2-a3 b6-b5 23. ₩a4xa6 ②c6xb4-+ 0-1

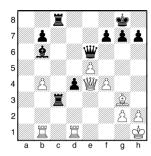


#### 29. Diaz Castro - Anurag

21...**②**c6−a5

Threatens 22.-- ∅a5xb3+ 23.☆c1-b1 \$f5xc2++-.

22.≜d2xa5 ≅c8xc2+ 23.⊈c1-b1 ≅c2-c5+ (0-1) 24.⊈b1-a2 ≅c5xa5#



**30.** Price – Byway

A typical manuever to open the line while a bishop is lurking on the diagonal a7–g1. No escape for the king.

29...営c3xg3 30.h2xg3 營e6-h6+ 31.垫h1-g1 d4-d3+ 32.垫g1-f1 營h6-h1#

#### **QUICK TEST 2**

This part can be seen as an addition to Chapter 5 of TCA1. There you had to find a winning move. Most of the time this means already calculating two or three moves ahead, since you have to make sure that your move really wins something.

Finding a combination for material advantage is often more difficult than finding a mate. If mate is specified then obviously you look at the king's position, but it can be hard to find the right direction for a combination to win material.

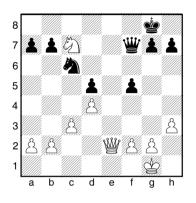
Inexperienced players tend to look desperately around to see if they might possibly win something. That's not a good idea, certainly not one that really makes you stronger. Take your time. Look at the position. Is there a weakness? Does one side have a problem, e.g. do they have to defend a piece or prevent a mate? Can an exchange alter something in the position? If you understand the position and there are problems and possibilities you will find the tactical strike easily. This way of solving takes a bit longer, but makes you stronger. Especially when seeking an advantage in three or more moves it's necessary to understand the position and not just look out for a simple tactical pattern.

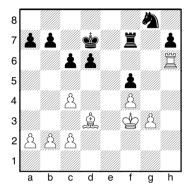
Again, always keep in mind: here in the book it's written "Material advantage in up to three moves". In a real game there's no such clue and you have to find out whether some tactical maneuver is possible or not without prior warning!

OK, let's start and with smart tactical strikes to fill a whole chest with the opponent's captured pawns and pieces!

#### **Quick Test 2**

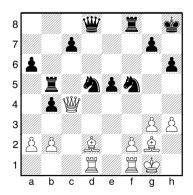
# Find material advantage in up to three moves!

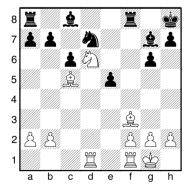




1 ......

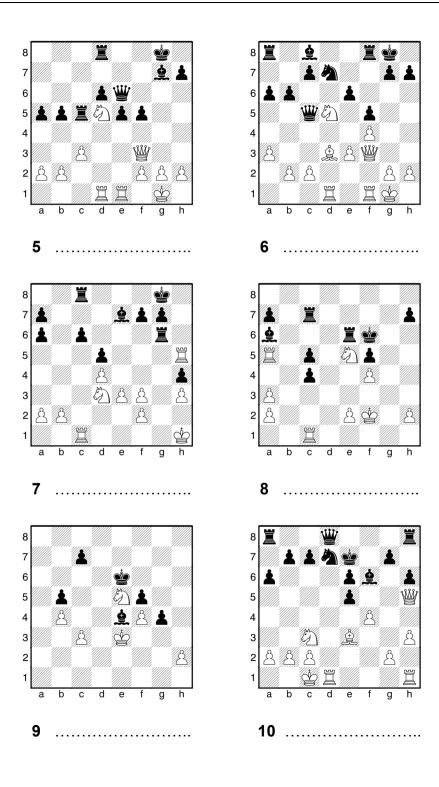
2 ......

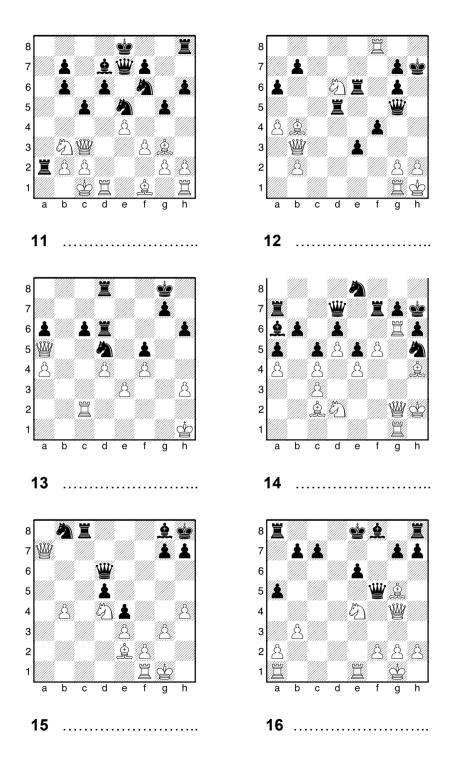


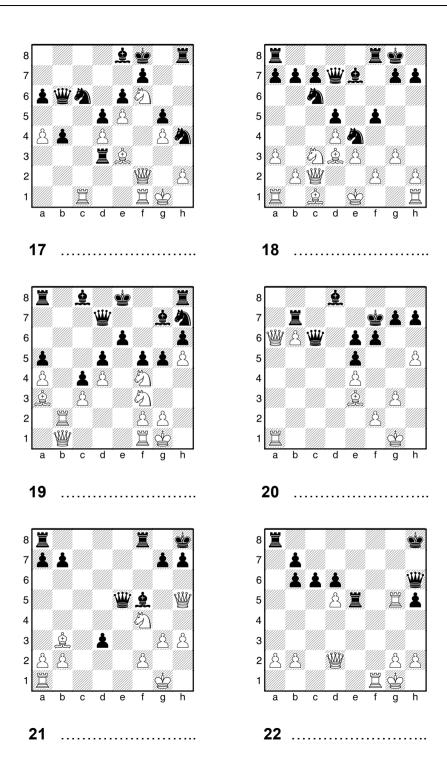


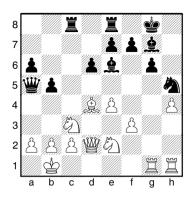
3 .......

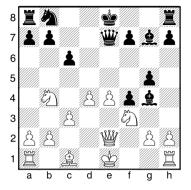
4 ......





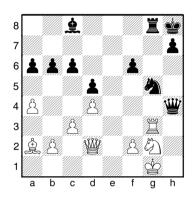


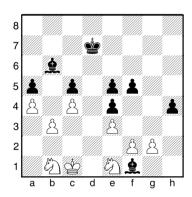




23 • .....

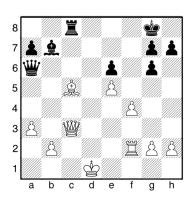


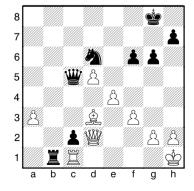




25 • .....

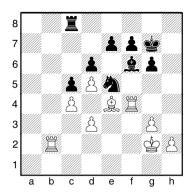


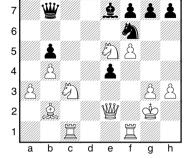




27 • .....

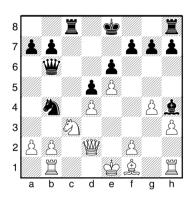
28 • .....

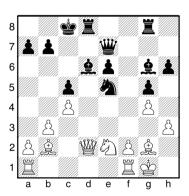




29 • .....

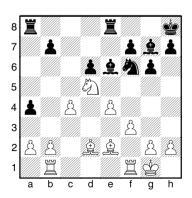


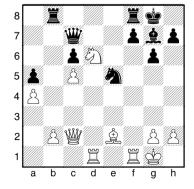




31 • .....







33 • .....

34 •.....

#### **Solutions**

#### **Quick Test 2**

- 1 1.②c7xd5 營f7xd5?? 2.營e2-e8#
- 2 1. 當h6xh7 當f7xh7 2. 息d3xf5+ dd7-e7 3. 息f5xh7
- 3 1.\(\delta\)d2xh6 g7xh6 2.\(\delta\)g2xd5
- 4 1. 公d6xb7 总c8xb7 2. 図d1xd7+-
- 5 1.₩f3xf5 ₩e6xf5 2.ᡚd5-e7+
- 6 1.∕\d5-e7+ \delta c5xe7 2.\delta f3xa8
- 7 1. **增**h5xd5
- 8 1.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a5xc5 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c7xc5 2.\(\Delta\)e5−d7+
- 9 1.**∅e5xg4** e.g. 1...**≜e4−c6+−**

The endgame is quickly lost after 1...f5xg4? 2. \$\ddot\delta\$ e3xe4.

- 10 1.≜e3-c5+ Ød7xc5 2.\daggedd1xd8 \dot e7xd8 3.f4xe5
- 11 1.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d1xd6\(\mathbb{W}\)e7xd6 2.\(\daggragga\)g3xe5\(\mathbb{W}\)d6-c6 3.\(\daggragga\)e5xf6
- 12 1.≝f8−h8+ ⊈h7xh8 2.ᡚd6−f7+
- 13 1.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c2xc6 \(\mathbb{Z}\)d6-d7 2.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c6xa6

Or 1... \( \bar{2}\) d6xc6?? 2.\( \bar{2}\) a5xd8+ \( \bar{2}\)g8−h7 3.\( \bar{2}\)d8xd5.

14 1.\(\mathbb{Z}\)g6xh6+ \(\phi\)h7-g8 2.\(\mathbb{Z}\)h6xh5

Or 1...g7xh6?? 2.\ddot\ddot\ddot\g2-g8#; Or 1...\dot\dot\h7xh6?? 2.\ddot\ddot\g2-g6#.

- 15 1.≝a7xg7+ ⊈h8xg7 2.ᡚd4−f5+ ⊈g7−f6 3.ᡚf5xd6
- 16 1.4 e4-d6+ \$f8xd6 2. ₩g4xf5
- 17 1.�f6−d7+ ₾f8−g8 2.�d7xb6
- 1... \(\delta\)e8xd7? is not possible because of 2. \(\delta\)f2xf7#.
- 18 1.②c3xd5 \dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarrow\dightarr
- 19 1.**②f4xe6 ₩d7xe6?? 2.ጃf1-e1**
- 20 1. 營a6xb7+ 營c6xb7 2. 墨a1-a7
- 21 1.4 f4-g6+ \$f5xg6 2. ₩h5xe5
- 22 1.\(\mathbb{Z}\)g5-g8+ \(\phi\)h8-h7 2.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d2xh6+ \(\phi\)h7xh6 3.\(\mathbb{Z}\)g8xa8
- 23 1... e6xa2+ 2. b1-c1

The knight is pinned. If 2. ∅c3xa2?? then ₩a5xd2.

- 24 1...≜g7xd4 2.c3xd4 \( \mathbb{\text{\psi}} e7xb4+
- 25 1... h4xg3 2.f2xg3 2g5-f3+ 3. 2g1-f2 1f3xd2
- 26 1...臭f1xg2 2.包e1xg2 h4-h3

And the knight cannot stop the pawn from promotion.

- 27 1... **å**b7xg2 2. **罩f2xg2?? 豐a6-f1+**
- 28 1... \( \mathbb{\pi} \cdot c5 c3 \) \( a5 \) \( f2 \) 2. \( \mathbb{\pi} \d2 e3 \) \( \mathbb{\pi} \cdot c3 \text{xd3} \)

And mate is unavoidable.

29 1... 2e5xd3 2. 2e4xd3 2f6xb2

- 30 1... \delta d8-d2 2.\delta e2xd2 e4-e3+
- 31 1... \$\mathbb{\text{\$\phi}\$} 6xd4 2. \$\mathbb{\text{\$\phi}\$} d2xd4 \$\mathbb{\text{\$\phi}\$} b4-c2+ 3. \$\mathbb{\text{\$\phi}\$} e1-d2 \$\mathbb{\text{\$\phi}\$} c2xd4\$

- 32 1...**½e5−f3+ 2.\$\delta\$g2xf3 \$\delta\$d6−h2+ 3.\$\delta\$g1xh2 \$\begin{array}{c}\$d8xd2** \end{array}
- 33 1...**∅**f6xd5 2.c4xd5 **≜**e6xd5 3.e4xd5 **≅**e8xe2
- 34 1... 図b8xb2 2. 營c2xb2 包e5-f3+ 3. 図f1xf3 息g7xb2